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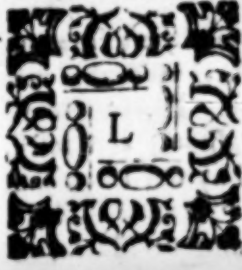
VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

From Thursday May 8, to Thursday May 15, 1746.

The Battle of Falkirk, having been reported different Ways, we give the following authentick Account of it, from the London Gazette extraordinary, of Jan. 23; which may be depended on.

LINLITHGOW, Jan. 17.

IEUT. Gen. Hawley having assembled all the King's Troops together, near Falkirk, in Order to attack the Rebels, and raise the Siege of Stirling Castle, this Morning their Army made a Motion, and advanced towards him, whereupon he made the necessary Dispositions to receive them, and marched to a Place called Falkirk Muir, about an English Mile to the South West of Falkirk, to give them Battle. He was himself with the left Wing, and Major Gen. Huske with the right, which had greatly the Advantage of the left Wing of the Rebels. At the Beginning of the Engagement the Horses belonging to the Artillery ran away, and some of the Dragons in the left Wing immediately gave Way, as did some Part of the Infantry in the same Wing. Gen. Hawley retreated in good Order to his Camp at Falkirk, as did Major Gen. Huske with the right Wing. The Enemy did not venture to pursue them, which was greatly owing to the gallant Behaviour of two Squadrons of Cobham's Dragons, and four Battalions of the right Wing. There are about 500 private Men of the King's Troops missing, and some Officers are killed, but the Particulars are not yet known. The Officers did their Duty, and led the Men on with great Courage. There are seven Pieces of Cannon missing. The Loss on the Part of the Rebels is not certain, but it is thought to be considerable. A very great Storm of Wind and Rain arose at the Beginning of the Engagement, which beating upon the Faces of the King's Troops, was very disadvantageous to them. After the Retreat, Gen. Hawley had determined to remain in the Camp at Falkirk, but the Weather proving extremely bad, and having Advice that the Rebels were pushing to get between him and Edinburgh, he marched and took Post here.

Whitehall, Jan. 23. This Day at Noon an Express arrived from Lieut. Gen. Hawley, with Letters of the 17th from Edinburgh, containing the following farther Particulars of the Action upon the 17th near Falkirk.

The whole Army being assembled, and Cobham's Dragons being arrived early upon the Morning of the 17th, it was resolved to march the next Day to attack the Rebels, who by all Accounts lay with their main Body in the Inclosures near Torwood; but by the Report of several Persons who were sent out to reconnoitre, they were observed to be in Motion early in the Morning, (as they had also been the 16th) but it was not confirmed that they were in full March against us till about one in the Afternoon, when they were seen at three Miles Distance, marching in two Columns towards the South, to some rising Grounds, upon a Muir near Falkirk; upon which our Troops got under Arms, and formed immediately in the Camp, and bent their March towards the same Ground, to which it was apprehended the Rebels were going, being a Large Muir on the left of the Camp; no sooner were the Troops got thither, but we saw the Rebels moving up, their right extending Southwards; as

there was a morass, or boggy Ground upon our left, we could not stretch so far as they, so that their left was pretty near opposite to our Center. The Dragons were posted upon the left, and our Foot was formed in two Lines, part upon plain Ground and the rest upon a Declivity; when all was formed, and our first Line within 100 Yards of the Rebels, Orders were given for the Lines to advance, and a Body of Dragons to attack them Sword in Hand. They accordingly marched forwards, but upon the Rebels giving them a Fire, they gave Ground, and great Part of the Foot of both Lines did the same, after making an irregular Fire, except the two Regiments of Barrell and Ligonier, under the Command of Brigadier Cholmondeley, which rallied immediately; and being afterwards attacked by the Rebels, fairly drove them back, and put them to Flight. Whilst this was transacting, a Body of Foot, by the Care of Major Gen. Huske, formed at some Distance in the Rear of these two Regiments, which the Rebels seeing, durst not advance; and about the same Time, Brig. Mordaunt rallied the scatter'd Battalions into their several Corps, in which he was greatly assisted by the Officers, and pretty near formed them.

For some Time before the Army moved forwards, there was a violent Storm of Rain and Wind, to which we may in some Measure impute our Misfortune, for it hindered the Men from seeing before them, and consequently the Rebels had the Advantage of us greatly in that Particular. Besides, as it rained also before that, many of the Firelocks were so wet, that it is believed not above one in five that were attempted to be fired, went off. Our Loss is small, the greatest being that of the Officers, several of whom, being left by their Men, were lost. And we have Reason to believe that of the Rebels to be very considerable, by Report of some who were upon the Field. It was a Misfortune that we could not get up our Artillery to us; for as it had rained heavily in the Night, and on the 17th in the Morning, and having a steep Hill to ascend, and the Horses but bad, they could not get forward; and when we return'd to our Camp, we found the Capt. of the Train had abandoned it, and the Drivers had run off with their Horses, which obliged us to leave some Pieces of Cannon behind us. The Grenadiers of Barrell's Regiment drew down one to the Camp, and Horses were found at Falkirk to bring away three of them.

The Evening being excessive rainy, it was thought proper to march the Troops to Linlithgow that Night, and put them under Cover, otherwise we should have continued in our Camp, being Masters of the Field of Battle, and Brig. Mordaunt was ordered to take Post there. When we came to strike our Tents, we found that many of the Drivers had run off with their Horses, upon which the General gave Orders that what Tents were left, should be burnt, which was done.

During the Time the Army was on its March to meet the Rebels, a Body of them with some Colours, passed the River Carran, towards the right of the Camp, with a Design, as may be apprehended, to attack it; but the Argyllshire Men being posted in the Front of it, kept them in Awe, so that they prevented their advancing.

The Glasgow Regiment was posted at some Farm-Houses, where it was thought they might be of Use when the Action begun, and remain'd formed there, notwithstanding they saw that the Dragons had given Way, and Part of the Foot.

These

These Letters also add, that it had been resolved that the Army should remain at Linlithgow, whither it had retreated upon the 17th at Night; but, upon Examination, it was found that the Troops had no Powder that would take Fire, from the excessive Rain for 24 Hours before; and thereupon a Resolution was taken, upon the 18th in the Morning, to march to Edinburgh and the Place adjacent, where the whole Army arrived that Afternoon about four o'Clock.

Edinburgh, Jan. 19. The Rebels by all Accounts lost many more Men than the King's Forces, and could not improve the Advantages they had at the Beginning of the Action, but were driven back by, and fled before a Handful of our Army, and we remained Masters of the Field, tho', by the Inclemency of the Weather, and Want of Provisions, Night coming on, our Army were obliged to march to Linlithgow, and thereby abandon what Cannon and Tents they could not find Horses to carry off.

Sir Robert Monro is wounded and taken Prisoner.

Of the Rebels, Lochiel, Ld. Perth, and his Brother, are said to be wounded, and Lochiel's Brother is killed, and a Major, Macdonald, taken Prisoner.

Just now about 31 of our Officers, who were taken Prisoners at the Battle of Preston, being all that were at Glasgow, Coupar and Leslie, and who were delivered by armed Parties of his Majesty's loyal Subjects in the Neighbourhood of the Places, have been brought hither by a Detachment of those Parties.

Hague, Feb. 8. N. S. By the freshest Advices from Brabant, the French before Brussels had not yet got any Battery in a Condition to fire. The two Regiments of Imperial Hussars from the Rhine are supposed to have joined Prince Waldeck; and the whole Corps of General Baron, consisting of 10 Battalions, 12 Companies of Grenadiers, two Regiments of Dragoons, and two of Hussars, is marching down to Brabant, by the Way of Maastricht; their High Mightinesses having not only granted them the Passage over their Territory, but allowed them to pay what they want on their March with Paper. All Dutch Officers and Soldiers are ordered to their Posts; and the States have named an additional Lieutenant General, a Major General, and two Brigadiers to assist Prince Waldeck; and as the Desertion is very great in the French Quarters, in Order to encourage it, they have published a general Pardon for all their own Deserters that shall come back again. The two Battalions withdrawing from Vilvoerden, and some other Troops, having repossessed themselves of Mechlin, Prince Waldeck ordered back a Detachment to the first mentioned Place, the French not having possessed themselves of it. It has since been attacked; but when the last Letters came away, the Castle still defended itself, having four small Cannon the French employed against it. A French Detachment has taken Possession of Louvain.

Amsterdam, Feb. 9. They write from Lisbon, that the English Admiral, Medley, had brought into that Port, a Spanish Man of War of 70 Guns and 500 Men, bound from Vera Cruz to Cadiz. It is said to be worth seven Millions of Cruisadoes. It is thought to be one of them that set out from the Havanna with Admiral Reg-

Hague, Feb. 12. We now begin plainly to perceive, that France is in earnest, and that if she can, she is resolved to have us at her Mercy. There is no Doubt that the Expedition against Brussels that great Blow with which we are threatened, and a great Blow it would have proved if not attended with that Success which M. Saxe expected; but the Weather, on one Side, and the Vigour, with the Impetuosity and Diligence of Prince Waldeck, on the other, have not only rendered it doubtful, but, if we may depend upon some Advices, desperate. It is certain we play for a large Stake, for several of our best Battalions are in Brussels, and if the French could have brought up the Cannon in any Time, they might have been in some Danger. As it is, M. Saxe has been there

a full Week without doing much, if we except that he has spoiled the finest Walks and Avenues that were about any great City in Europe, and all this in Order to raise Batteries to be ready when the Cannon came up; but Thanks to the soaking Showers that have fallen for five Days past, the Morasses, thro' which his Cannon must necessarily pass, are become impassable, and it is thought it would be Yesterday before the first 5 Pieces would arrive at his Head Quarters.

L O N D O N, January 2.

The Hon. Alexander Hume Campbell, Esq; Member for the Shire of Berwick, was dismissed from the Office of Solicitor General to the Prince of Wales.

Jan. 4. The most Hon. John Marquis of Tweedale, one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, resigned the Seals into his Majesty's Hands.

Jan. 17. The Mayor and Town-Clerk of Carlisle arrived in Town under the Custody of two of his Majesty's Messengers.

Jan. 21. It may be depended upon that the following is an authentic and exact Account of the Forces that are marching from the Rhine into Italy, viz. Twelve Companies of Grenadiers, twenty one Battalions, and forty four Squadrons: They will be reinforced by ten Thousand Men from Bohemia, and six Thousand Croats. These Troops are to rendezvous in the Beginning of March, in the Duchy of Mantua, and are to carry with them a numerous Train of Field-Artillery.

We learn by private Letters from Amsterdam, that as soon as they learned there the News of the French King's declaring null the Treaty of Commerce concluded in 1739, the principal Merchants in that City addressed themselves to the Government, desiring that a new Imposition of fifty Florins a Cask might be laid on every Barrel of French Wines, and Brandies, and that the Duties on those Goods from the Rhine, the Moselle, and Portugal, might be reduced in the same Proportion.

The 7 following Ships arrived lately at Corunna from Vera Cruz, but last from the Havanna, viz. the St. Raphael, St. Michael, Esperidion, the Sea-Nymph, the St. George, the Holy Trinity, and a Man of War of 30 Guns which served as Convoy. The 6 are Register Ships, and have on board 4 Millions of Pieces of Eight registered, and Nine Hundred Serons of Cochineal. On the coming of this News to Paris, their Actions rose considerably.

Yesterday was held a general Court of the Bank of England, at their House in Threadneedle Street, when they gave full Power to the Court of Directors, to make Proposals to the Government, to lend them 1,000,000 l. at an Interest not less than 4 per Cent. on the Land and Malt Tax.

The Yorkshire Hunters behaved bravely and are sent home with Honour.

Feb. 4. While the common Enemy is endeavouring to temporize with the States General, by publishing Modifications of the late Arrest, it is thought their High Mightinesses have at last resolved to act with Vigour, and that Count Walsannaer de Twickel is gone to Versailles for a Categorical Answer, to certain Points, in Consequence of Measures concerted during the Residence of Baron Boetstaer at Mondon.

Admiral Warren has sent over from Cape Breton, Orders to buy a Service of fine wrought Plate, to be made in the most elegant Manner, to present to General Pepperell, for his great Services in the Reduction of that important Place.

L O N D O N, February 8.

As it must fill the Heart of every true Briton with Joy, and establish in them the highest Opinion of the undaunted Courage and indefatigable Pains that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, the Darling of the People, has taken to quell the unnatural Rebellion, the Instruments of which, without his Assiduity, or under Providence, in the Opinion of every one, would have reached the Metropolis of the Kingdom; Mr. G. Sterrop, of St. Paul's Church Yard, London, has, at great Pains and Expence,

finished

finished a Medal in Honour to that glorious Action, from an entire new Drawing to the Life of his Royal Highness on Horseback in his Regimentals, at a Distance is seen the Castle and Cathedral of Carlisle from a real Drawing. The Reverse represents the Duke trampling on Rebellion, presenting the Genius of England with an Olive Branch, an Emblem of Peace and Victory. The Genius of England is described by a beautiful Woman holding a Staff with the Cap of Liberty on it, the Bible laying by her, an Emblem of Protestantism, and the English Arms on her Shield. Rebellion is expressed by a slain Person, his Helmit lying by him with a Car on it, an Emblem of Rebellion, a Shield with a tripple Crown, alluding to France, Spain and Italy, and a broken Yoke, an Emblem of Slavery. The Motto, *Spem reducis Mentibus anxius*, Thou restorest Hope to our anxious Minds.

We hear that the Court Martial at Edinburgh has already sentenced two Captains, one Lieutenant, and 6 private Men of Hamilton's Regiment, to be shot for Cowardice in the late Action. The Tryal of Capt. Cunningham, who had the Direction of the Train, came on last Thursday before the said Court Martial, but was not ended when the last Advices came away.

By private Letters which arrived by Tuesday's Mail, we hear that several Merchants of Distinction of the City of Vienna, had stopp'd Payment; and that several Merchants in Holland had done the same, among whom is a very eminent Burgomaster of the City of Amsterdam.

There is again some Rumour, that the Prince of Orange will be at last declared Statholder of all the united Provinces, thro' the Influence of two great Protestant Powers, to both whom he is nearly related.

Number of Ships taken by the English 1745, and carried into the following Ports:

Lisbon, 35; Dover, 36; S. Carolina, 4; Dartmouth, 3; Falmouth, 6; Gibraltar, 5; Rhode Island, 20; Jamaica, 14; St. Kitt's, 5; Kinsale, 12; Bristol, 15; Plymouth, 18; Yarmouth, 6; Portsmouth, 4; Cork, 3; Brest, 16; Guernsey, 8; Antigua, 17; Downs, 7; Portmahon, 19; St. Helen's, 4; Leghorn, 24; N. Providence, 17; Batavia, 5; N. England, 11; Virginia, 4; N. York, 11; Louisburg, 4; Philadelphia, 4; Poole, 1; the Thames, 1; Alderney, 1; Castlehaven, Ireland, 2; Bantry, Ireland, 2; Brixthelmstone, 1; Hull, 1; Liverpool, 1; Bermudas, 1; Whitby, 1; Fowey, 1; Jersey, 2; Oporto, 2; Cowes, 1; Newcastle, 1; Newfoundland, 1; Zant, 1; Scilly, 1; Marazion, 1; Montserrat, 1; Deal, 1; Leith, 1; no Port mentioned 202; Total 565. Among these 8 or 10 E. India Ships, and some Register Ships of great Value.

Number of the Ships taken by the French and Spaniards 1745, and carried into the following Ports.

Brest, 44; Martinico, 24; Cape Breton, 2; St. Malo, 71; Dunkirk, 19; Bilbao, 3; St. Sebastians, 2; Vigo, 10; Bayonne, 22; Calais, 6; Port Louis, 6; Bologne, 3; Galicia, 7; Guadaloupe, 4; Morlaix, 20; Porto Rico, 23; Rochelle, 53; St. Jane de Luz, 2; Dieppe, 11; Havre, 7; Cadiz, 3; Carracas, 3; Cherbourg, 6; Hispaniola, 11; St. Augustine, 2; Havanna, 3; Gravelling, 15; Granville, 1; Port Passage, 1; Cape Francois, 1; Toulon, 1; Swynver, 1; Dinant, 1; Nantz, 1; No Port mentioned, 180; Total 507. Among these many Coasters and small Craft, and no East India Ship.

Boston, April 14. By Passengers that came in Capt. Le Gilly, lately arriv'd here from London, we are inform'd, that his Majesty's Ship Portland, of 50 Guns, had taken a French Man of War of the same Force, after a most desperate Engagement, in which both the Commanders were kill'd, and the Ships dismasted. That the Hampton Court Man of War, of 80 Guns, had taken 5 St. Malo Privateers, of about 30 Guns each, which were taken into the Service of the Government, and sent out to cruize upon the French. And that the Goals in England were so full of Rebels, that it was difficult finding Room for any more.

NEW-YORK, April 14.

Tuesday last, the famous and notorious Villain Tom Bell, was apprehended in this City and committed to Jail, on Suspicion of selling a Horse he had hired some Time ago of an Inhabitant of Long Island; His Accuser, 'tis said, has sworn expressly to his Person, notwithstanding which he asserts his Innocence with a most undaunted Front and matchless Impudence; we hear, his Tryal is to come on this Week.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.

Friday last arrived in this River, a Sloop in 12 Days from the Havanna, which had been there with a Flag of Truce from Jamaica. She has brought in here about 25 English Prisoners, some of which are Officers, which were taken by a Spanish Man of War Snow, near S. Carolina, on the 31st of January, in a Store Ship bound from England to Annapolis-Royal, but blown off the Northern Coasts. The same Snow took the next Day Capt. Dougherty, in the Ship Postillion, bound from Providence to Charlestown, who is one of the Prisoners brought in here, as also Capt. Curling of the Storeship. There were 100 Recruits on Board the Storeship, about 50 of which are sent to Jamaica, some of the Remainder died, and a few entered into the Spanish Service. The great Privateer Golgoa, Capt. Arracoucha, was careening, and intended for this Coast in about 3 Weeks, with two Consorts, a Sloop and Brig. or Snow of 14 Guns each. The Governor of the Havanna detains some Men belonging to Capt. Dennis of Rhode-Island, on Account of some free Spanish Molatoes which Dennis had taken and sold.

The same Day arrived here a Spanish Privateer Sloop sent in by the Trembleur, Capt. Bowne, which he took in Consort with the Sloop Bumper, Capt. Beeley of Montserrat, on the 20th of Feb. near Aruba, bound from St. Domingo to Coracoa, having on board 4751 Pieces of 8, a Piece of Bullion Silver of 7 Pounds and a half Weight, 1090 Hides, 8 Bales of Tobacco, and sundry other Goods. That on the 17th of February they took a large Schooner, bound from Martineco to Bordeaux, having on Board about 200 Hhds. of Sugar, and 40 Casks of Coffee, &c. which Schooner the above Sloop parted with 5 Days before she got into our Capes. They also took a small Schooner having on Board 240 Pieces of 8, and sold the Schooner for 560 Pieces of 8 at Coracoa; and their Barge took 9 fine Negroes.

ANNAPOLIS, April 12.

We have Accounts, that the Captains, Ellis, Binney, Mackenzie, Perchard, and several West Countrymen, with Tobacco from this Province, were all taken on their Passage Home.

Capt. Ogilvie's Ship is lost, with the Cargo and all the Men, except himself and one more.

Capt Kemp from Barbados for this Province, is taken and carried into Martineco.

April 29. Wednesday being the Festival of St. George, the same was observed here by a Number of Gentlemen of English Birth, Descent and Principle, in an elegant Manner.

The same Day the Exit of the Rebellion was celebrated by firing of Guns, drinking loyal Healths, and other Demonstrations of Joy. There was a Ball in the Evening, the whole City was illuminated, and a great Quantity of Punch given amongst the Populace at the Bonfire, on this Occasion.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 15.

Since our last arriv'd in Rappohanock, the Ship Richmond, Capt. — from Whitehaven, in 7 Weeks, and brings News to the 4th of March, That the Rebellion was so far over in Scotland, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland had discharged the 6000 Hessians lately landed there; and also the Militia. That he had pursued the Rebels and taken some of them Prisoners; that his Highness was at Montrose, and determined to make

make all easy before his Return to England. On the other Hand, we have the disagreeable News, that the French have actually taken Brussels and Antwerp; and carry all before them. That the King of France intended speedily to be in Flanders at the Head of his numerous Army, to prosecute his Designs with the utmost Vigour: But it's hoped, when the Austrian Army and their Allies come to oppose them, they'll not only stop their Career, but make them restore their hasty Conquests. Mean while, it surprises all Mankind, that the Dutch can see the rapid Force of the French, to leave their Territories, and not declare War.

By a Vessel lately arrived from Madeira, we are informed, that a French Man of War, of the Line of Battle with a great Number of Transport Ships, were lying off Cape Verde, intended to go (as was supposed) on some secret Expedition, which some conjecture to be against Cape Verde, others against some of our Islands.

The Report of His Majesty's Ship the *Ferret* being arrived at Newport Road, which we publish'd in our last, presently.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Just imported in the Colonias, Capt. Ogley, by the Subscriber in Williamsburg.

A large Quantity of Medicines, also, superfine Green and Bohea Teas, single and double refined Sugars, White and brown Sugar-Candy, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Prunes, Carrots, fine Raisins, black Pepper, Jamaica Pepper and Ginger; Pistachio Nuts, Caraway Comfits, candy'd Brims, Scenting Bottles, finest sweet Oil, Florence Oil, Capers, Olives, Anchovies, India Mungos, sack Mustard, English best Linseed Oil, Oil of Broom, Oil of Almonds, Oil of Rose-Wood, and Oil of Turpentine, in Flasks. *Anderson's and Lockier's Pills, Bateman's and Stoughton's Drops, Spurr's, Boffy's and Boffet's Elixirs, Balfour's Tincture, Eaton's Balsamic Symplic, fine sweet-scented Honey Water, Capers, Sir Walter Raleigh's Cordial, Peas and Pearl Barley, Sago, Salt Petres, &c. &c.* by *George Gilmer.*

RAN away, the 11th Instant, from the Subscriber, in Williamsburg, a Servant Man, named *John Howard*, alias *Johnson*. He is a well-set and stout Person, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and about 30 Years of Age: He had a fore Leg, and generally wore a Pair of blue-grey worsted Stockings, black drawn up, a white Wig, a light-colour'd Coat, and a waistcoat, a Pair of Leather Breeches, and a white Shirt; He took with him a white Duck Coat, a blue Cloth Jacket and Breeches, and a Wallet with several white Shirts. He is a Carpenter and Joiner by Trade; and formerly belonged to Mr. *Thomas Whiting*, of Gloucester County, and on his Death, ran away from the Widow of his said Master; and, till taken up, called himself *John Johnson*. It's supposed he will conceal himself on Board some of the outward-bound Ships.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servant, so that I may have him again, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by *John Cocke.*

RAN away, on the 9th of this Instant, from the Subscriber, living in Henrico County, a Negro Boy, named *Stephen*; he is a brisk, sensible Lad, about 16 Years of Age, is very artful and cunning, has been much whipped, which his Back will show, and has several Scars in his Face. He stole, when he went away, sundry Cloaths, and about 3 Pounds Cash: He was seen on the 12th Instant, in King William County, on a grey Horse, and was going towards Matopoy River; but being met by one of his Acquaintance, he may perhaps change his Course from the Northward to the Southward, for Fear of Discovery. He formerly belonged to Mr. *Leighton Woods*, but lately to Col. *John Gifford*, in Hanover County, of whom the Subscriber bought him.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, and brings him to me, in Hanover, or to the Printer hereof, or secures him, so that I may have him again, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken in Virginia, and in any other Government, Three Pistoles, paid by *Aaron Trueheart.*

STray'd away from York Town, the 5th of this Instant, Two Horses, One a large black Gelding, with a Star in his Face and a Switch Tail; the other a small Grey Horse; the Breeds of both are unknown. Whoever brings them to me in York Town, or to Mr. *James Croft*, in Williamsburg, shall have a Pistole Reward for each, paid by *Kenneth Mackenzie.*

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in York County, two Negro Men, one named *Will*, he is a tall fellow, and has a Lump on his Back; the other named *Cuffy*, he is a stout fellow, with a blue Waistcoat and Breeches, and a white Cap. Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me, shall have a Pistole Reward paid by *Edward Parson.*

Virginia.

At a General Court held at the Capitol, May 5, 1746.

ORDERED, That it be a standing Rule of this Court, for the Future, that all Causes be called and tried or heard in Court, as they shall stand upon the Docket, unless good Cause be shown to the contrary; and in these Cases, such Causes shall be continued over to the next Court, and not postponed.

By the Court,

Benjamin Waller, Clk.

STray'd away from *Anderson's Race Ground*, in Gloucester County, on the first of this Month, a Black Gelding, above Size, and a very gentle Nags with a small Star in his Forehead, and a little white Snip on his upper Lip, not branded, is well gated, and high mettled. Whoever will bring the said Horse to Mr. *Warner Lewis*, in Gloucester, or to the Subscriber, in Richmond County, shall have a Moldore Reward, paid by *John Taylor, Junr.*

VERY good Chocolate, Hops, Oil of Turpentine, Linseed-Oil, and Train-Oil, to be Sold next Door to the Printing-Office.

STray'd away from *James-Town*, the 28th of last Month, a large Bay Horse, branded on one of his Buttocks, very obscurely, IL in a Heart, and is a Draught Horse: As he was bred by Col. *John Lewis*, in Augusta County, 'tis supposed he is gone that Way. Whoever brings the said Horse to me in Williamsburg, shall have a Pistole Reward.

John Lidderdale.

THE Shop Utensils, belonging to the Estate of the late Doctor *Thomas Wharton*, are to be Sold reasonably, by

Kenneth Mackenzie.

STray'd away from the Subscriber's Plantation, in Westmoreland County, Three Horses, viz. One of a Dun Colour, branded on the near Shoulder 121, and on the near Buttock O, with a Star in his Forehead, and a black Stroke down his Back; One bright-Bay Colt, branded on the near Buttock, IN in a Diamond, with a Blenheim in one of his Eyes. One brown-Bay Ditto, branded on the near Shoulder P, with his two hind Feet white: Both the Colts are lately dock'd, and have drawn in a Chariot.

Whoever secures the said Horses, or either of them, and gives me Notice thereof, shall have half a Pistole Reward for each so secur'd, and if they will bring them to me, they shall, besides the Half Pistole, be handomely rewarded by *William Fitzhugh.*

STray'd away from Col. *Lewis Bartwell's* near Williamsburg, on Friday the Second of this Instant, a middle-sized bay Horse, with a short, switch Tail, branded on the near Buttock PL. Whoever brings the said Horse to Col. *Lewis Bartwell*, aforesaid, to Mr. *Amstead Bartwell*, in Williamsburg, or to me in King William County, shall have a Pistole Reward, paid by *Nathaniel Bartwell.*

A Smith's Vice, mark'd WL. No. 1. was brought from York, by Mistake to the Store-house of Messrs. *Rae and Campbell*, in Falmouth Town; the Owner may have it there, on paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

STOLEN on the 25th of this Instant, from Mrs. *Patterson*, in Williamsburg, a small, fashionable Silver Watch, with a Leather String, a brass Seal and Key; the inside Case has a little Patch of Silver on it, which follows the Swivel; the Impression of the Seal is *Porto Bello*. Whoever will bring the said Watch to Mrs. *Patterson*, aforesaid, shall receive half a Pistole Reward, and no Questions asked.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Proprietors of the *RALPH TAVERN* in Williamsburg, that there will be a Meeting on *Wednesday* the 11th of June next, when they are desired to be present. All Persons indebted to the said Tavern, by Subscription or otherwise, are desired to settle their Accounts before that Time, to prevent Trouble. *David Jamieson.*

STolen or stray'd from Mr. *Robert Brooke's* Plantation in Effix County, the first Day of September last, a middle sized light Grey Horse, branded on the Buttock, with the Letters I T, the T not very plain; trots chiefly, and paces a little. Whoever brings him to Messrs. *Rae and Campbell*, in Falmouth, or to Mr. *Andrew Anderson* in Effix County, shall have a Pistole Reward.

ALL Persons that have any Accounts with the Estate of Doctor *Robert Philpott*, deceased, are desired forthwith to apply to me the Subscriber, in Warwick County, in order to discharge their respective Balances, to prevent further Trouble.

Thomas Cary, Junior, Executor.

STOLEN from me the Subscriber, living in Effix County, near Layton's Ferry, on the 20th of March last, a middle sized Saddle Horse, with a Blaze in his Face, a Grizzle Mane, two white Feet, and three Feathers on his Neck, one on each side and one underneath. He has no Brand as I know of. Whoever apprehends the Thief, and delivers me my Horse, shall have a Pistole Reward, paid by *Thomas Figg.*